EPFL

Also part of:

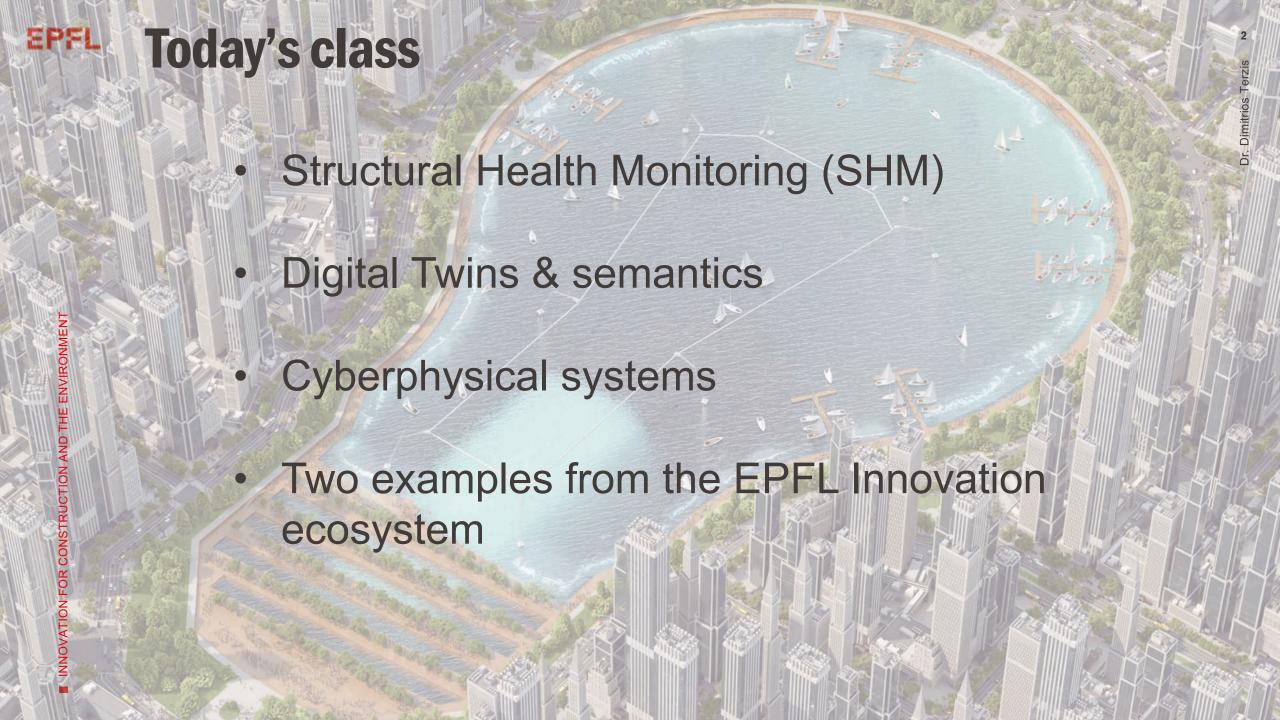


sia

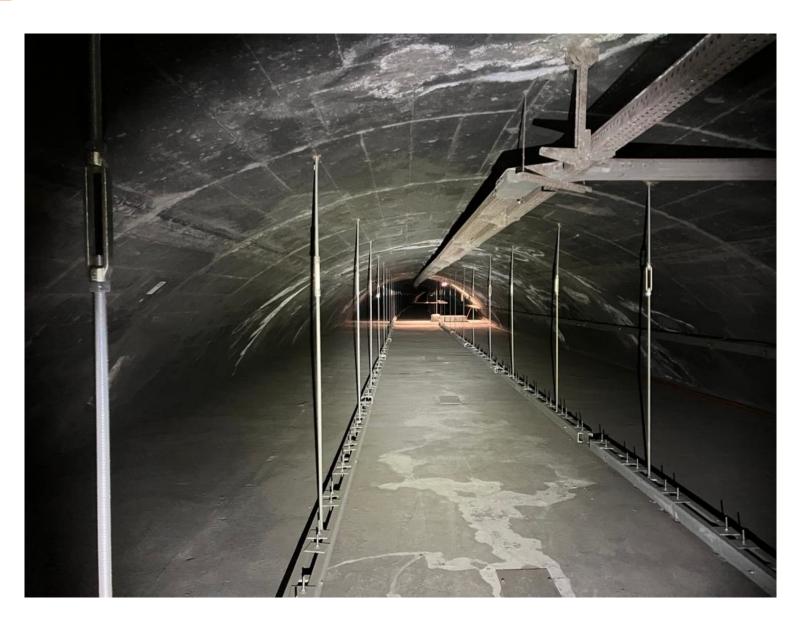
Schweizerischer Ingenieur- und Architektenverein Société suisse des ingénieurs et des architectes Società svizzera degli ingegneri e degli architetti Swiss society of engineers and architects

Dimitrios Terzis

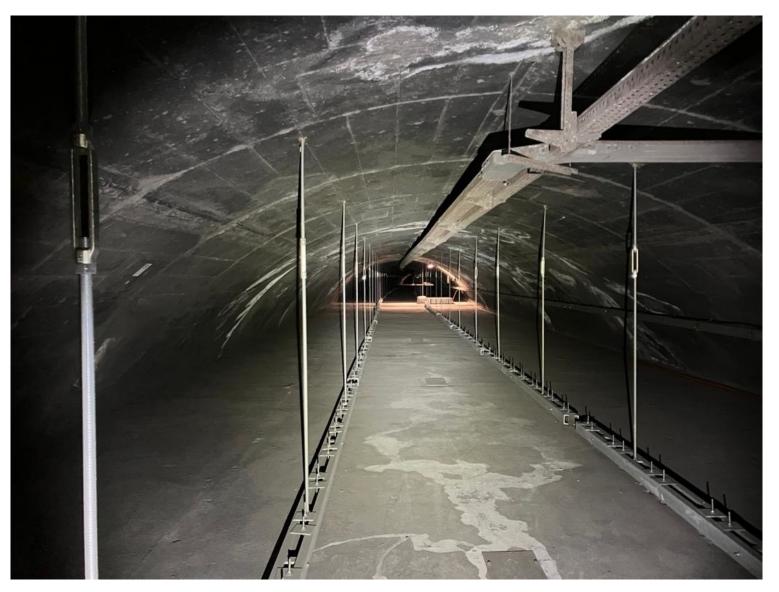












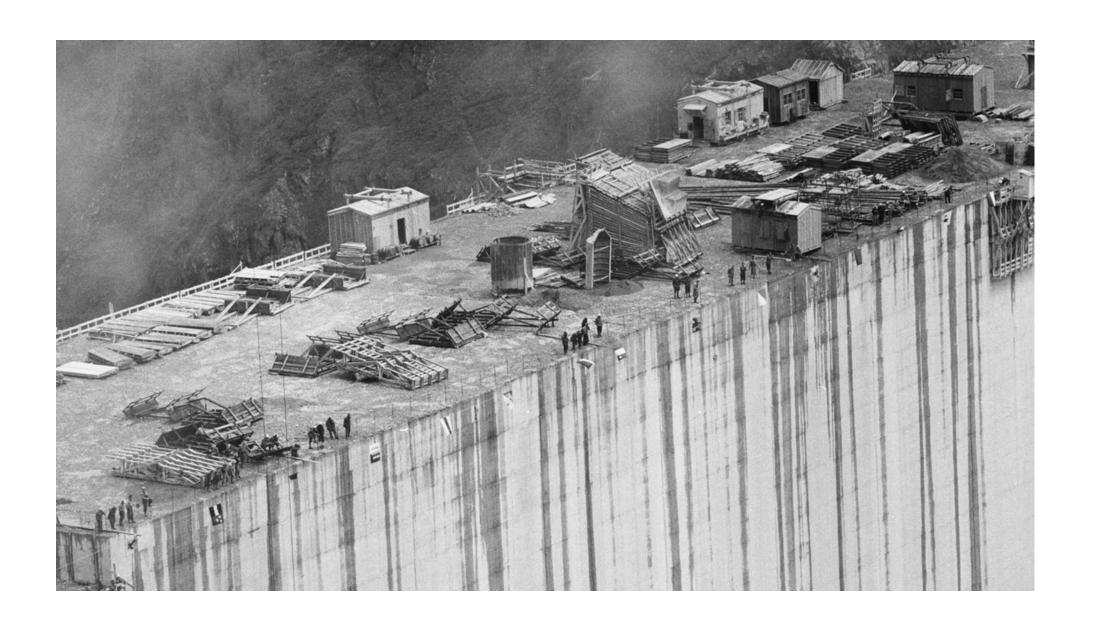
52 Mio CHF

3 months

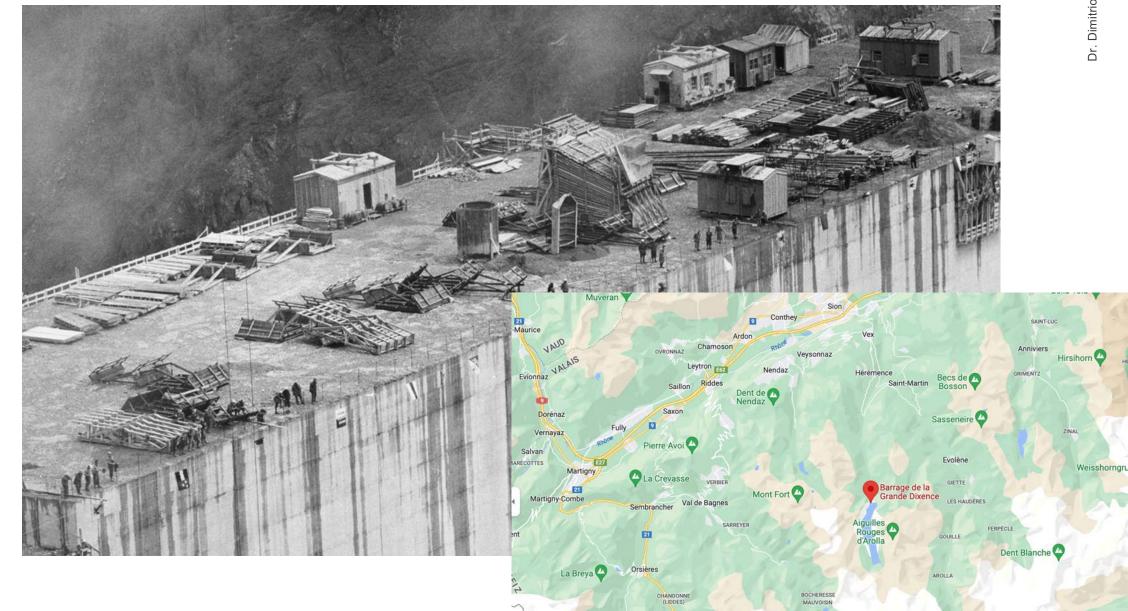
Christmas eve

4 winters

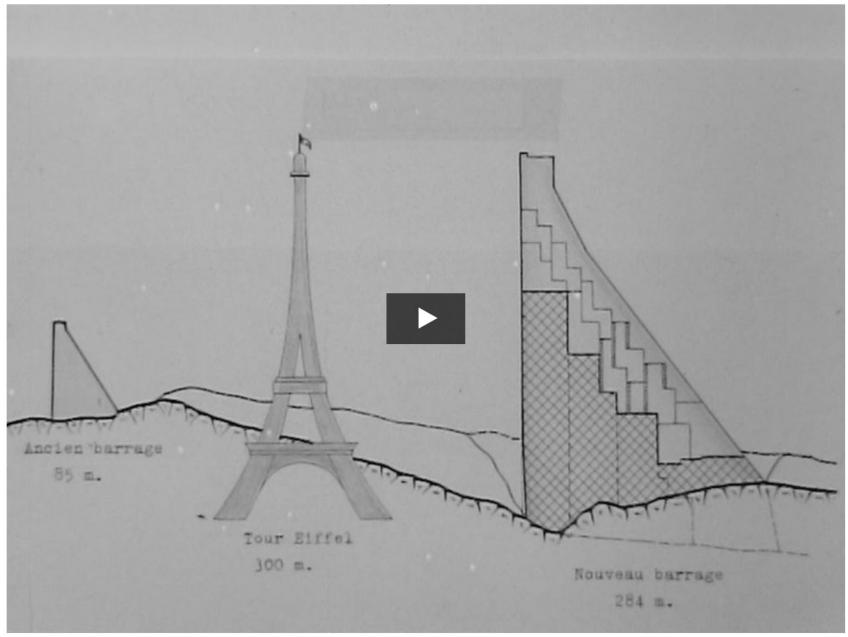








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La sécurité du barrage de la Grande Dixence / Le Régional / 5 min. / le 14 octobre 1960

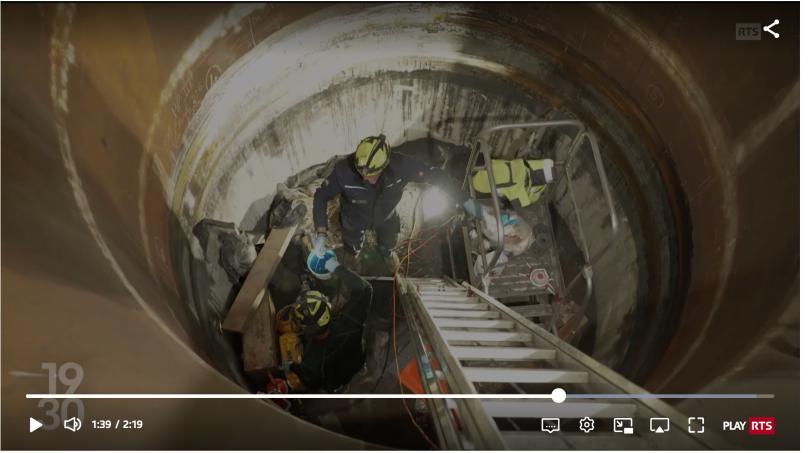


Valais Modifié vendredi à 20:33





Des installations de la Grande Dixence remises à neuf pour 240 millions

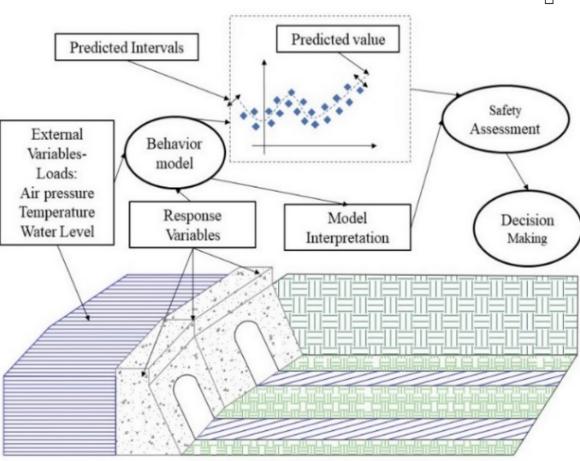


Après six ans de travaux, la rénovation de la Grande Dixence touche à sa fin / 19h30 / 2 min. / vendredi à 19:30

EPFL

On SHM of Dams





Flah, M., Nunez, I., Ben Chaabene, W. and Nehdi, M.L., 2021. Machine learning algorithms in civil structural health monitoring: A systematic review. *Archives of computational methods in engineering*, 28, pp.2621-2643.

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EPFL

On SHM of critical infrastructure



https://www.chemengonline.com/Assets/whitepapers/Oracle_PPM_US_EN_WP_TheImpactofAgeing.pdf

Ageing infrastructure is a headache for many industries. A substantial majority (87%) of executives report that ageing infrastructure has had an impact on their operations in recent years; one in ten say problems related to ageing infrastructure have caused severe problems in their operations that they are still trying to address successfully.

The current infrastructure upgrade spend will rise. Almost 33% of executives say they plan to increase spending on infrastructure in the coming years, while just 8% plan to decrease spending.

Fully 17% of executives say their companies will spend more than 40% of their operating budget on projects involving ageing infrastructure in the coming five years.

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EPFL

On SHM of bridges

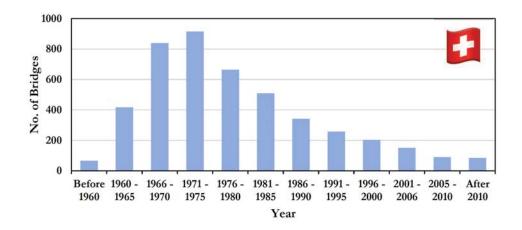


Figure 3: Bridge Construction by Year [Switzerland] ((FEDRO) Office Fédéral des Routes, 2018)

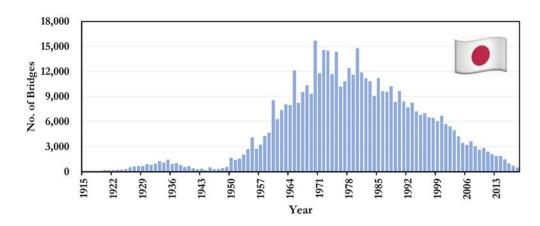


Figure 2: Bridge construction by year [Japan] (MLIT Ministry of Land, 2019)

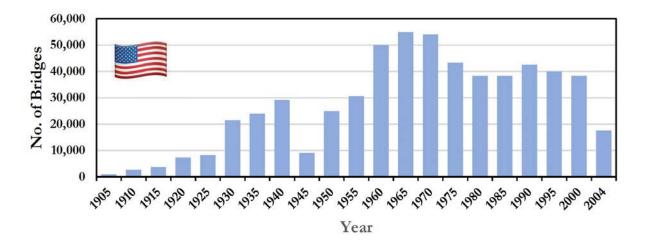


Figure 1: Bridge construction by year [USA] (Choate & Walter, 1981)



On SHM of tunnels

Case study: Serre de la Voûte tunnel

Horseshoe shaped tunnel

Crown: small cement bricks

Side walls: rock blocs masonry





| Sclerometer results | Zone (cm from the surface) | Material |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| No response | 0.5 -1.0 | Dust, result of several years of operation |
| 9-13 | 2 | Highly weathered material |
| 26-39 | 2.5 - 3 | Sound material |

Local hammering for checking the deterioration degree of the rock blocs:

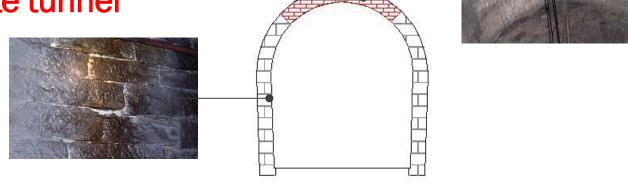
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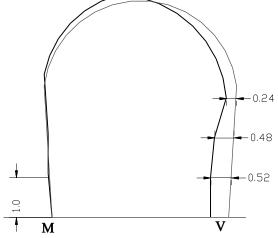
On SHM of tunnels

Case study: Serre de la Voûte tunnel

- The majority of the masonry joints is highly weathered
- Dripping points, mainly located on the tunnel crown
- Local deformation of the side wall on a 30 m long zone close to the North portal







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On SHM of metallic structures











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EPFL

On Digital twins



The network

Services

Our promises

The Company



∠

Z

Customer portal

The digital twin

The "Digital twin" programme is one of the major campaigns launched in-house by the Engineering & Projects (I & P) and Innovation Divisions. The aim is to optimise project design, service portfolio content and production functions.

A technological innovation with multiple applications to enter service by 2024

Like the ghost in video games, a digital twin is the virtual reproduction of a system as it really exists and not as it would be in an ideal world. NASA was the first to apply this principle to its industrial requirements for the Apollo mission. The technique is also widely used in the aerospace industry. SNCF Réseau is aiming to have it in service by 2024.

"The (rail) sector has taken inspiration from the aeronautics industry, a precursor in the field, particularly with the digital twins used for reactors to factor in the whole of their lifecycle operating history."

Pierre Cresci, Cabinet Oliver Wyman

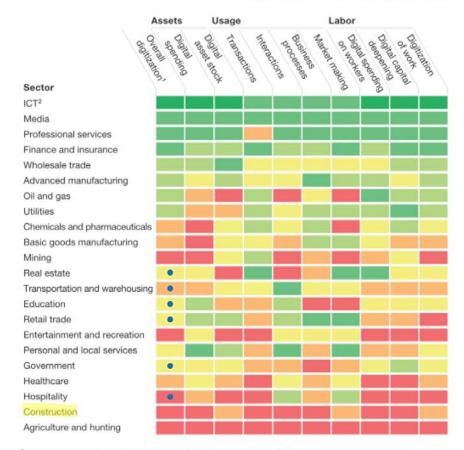
Dimitrios Terzis

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On Digital twins The construction industry is among the least digitized.

McKinsey Global Institute industry digitization index; 2015 or latest available data





¹Based on a set of metrics to assess digitization of assets (8 metrics), usage (11 metrics), and labor (8 metrics).

Source: AppBrain; Bluewolf; Computer Economics; eMarketer; Gartner; IDC Research; LiveChat; US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Bureau of Labor Statistics; US Census Bureau; McKinsey Global Institute analysis

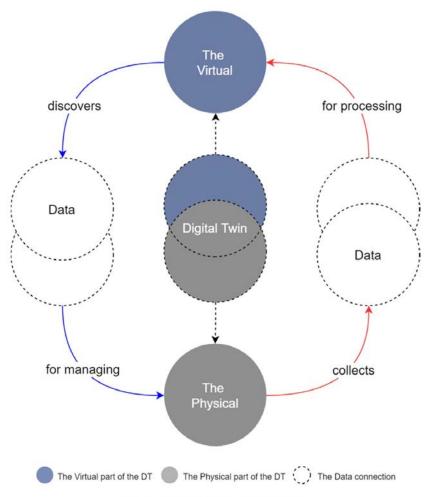


Fig. 1. The Digital Twin paradigm.

Boje, C., Guerriero, A., Kubicki, S. and Rezgui, Y., 2020. Towards a semantic Construction Digital Twin: Directions for future research. Automation in construction, 114, p.103179.

²Information and communications technology.

Dimitrios Terzis

Ρ.

ENVIRONMENT

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CONSTRUCTION AND

INNOVATION FOR

On Digital twins The construction industry is among the least digitized.

McKinsey Global Institute industry digitization index; 2015 or latest available data





¹Based on a set of metrics to assess digitization of assets (8 metrics), usage (11 metrics), and labor (8 metrics).

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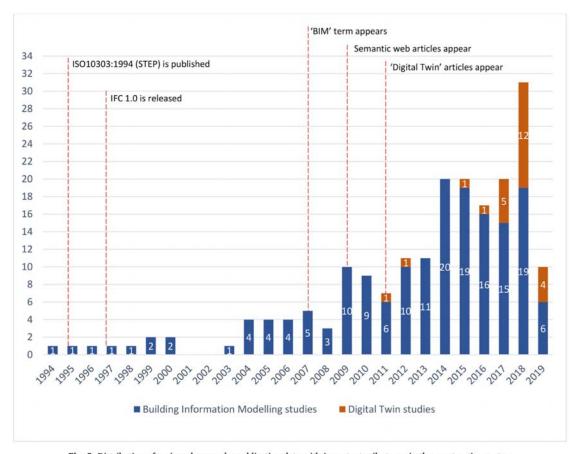


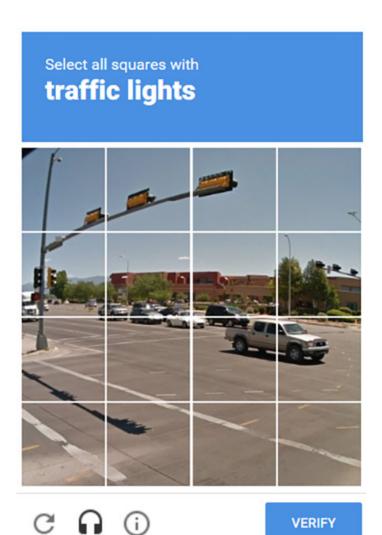
Fig. 3. Distribution of reviewed papers by publication date with important milestones in the construction sector.

Boje, C., Guerriero, A., Kubicki, S. and Rezgui, Y., 2020. Towards a semantic Construction Digital Twin: Directions for future research. Automation in construction, 114, p.103179.

²Information and communications technology.

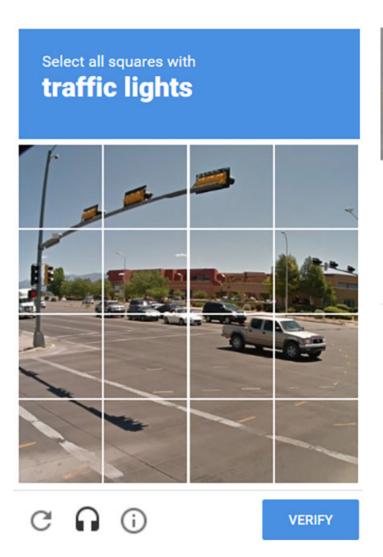
Dr. Dimitrios Terzis

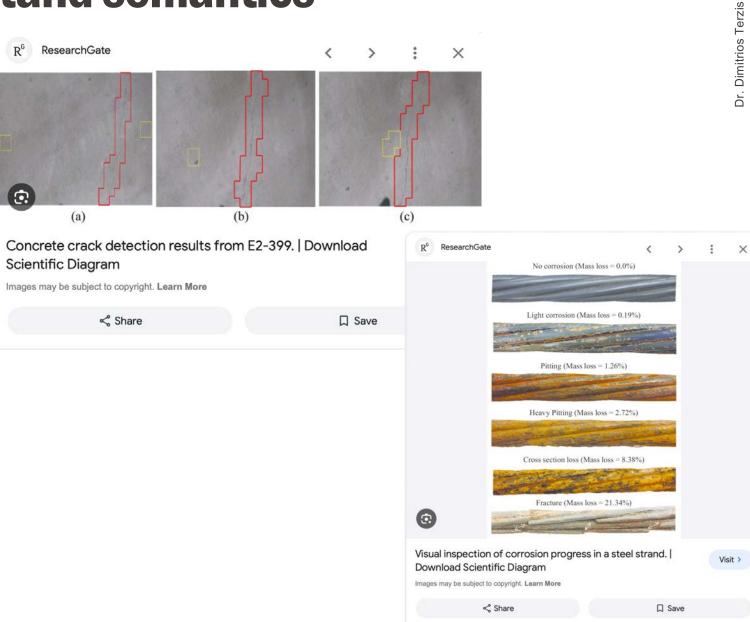
A break to understand semantics





A break to understand semantics





EPFL

On Digital twins & Cyberphysical systems The construction industry is among the least digitized.

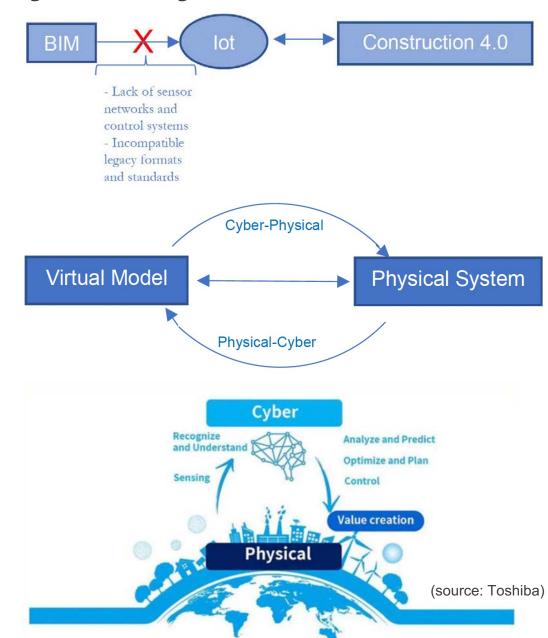
McKinsey Global Institute industry digitization index; 2015 or latest available data





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Source: AppBrain; Bluewolf; Computer Economics; eMarketer; Gartner; IDC Research; LiveChat; US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Bureau of Labor Statistics; US Census Bureau; McKinsey Global Institute analysis



²Information and communications technology.

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On Digital twins & Cyberphysical systems The construction industry is among the least digitized.

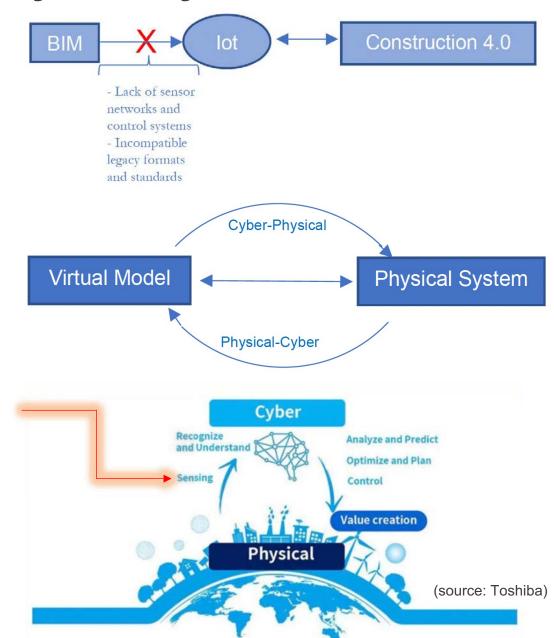
McKinsey Global Institute industry digitization index; 2015 or latest available data





¹Based on a set of metrics to assess digitization of assets (8 metrics), usage (11 metrics), and labor (8 metrics).

Source: AppBrain; Bluewolf; Computer Economics; eMarketer; Gartner; IDC Research; LiveChat; US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Bureau of Labor Statistics; US Census Bureau; McKinsey Global Institute analysis



²Information and communications technology.



ENVIRONMENT

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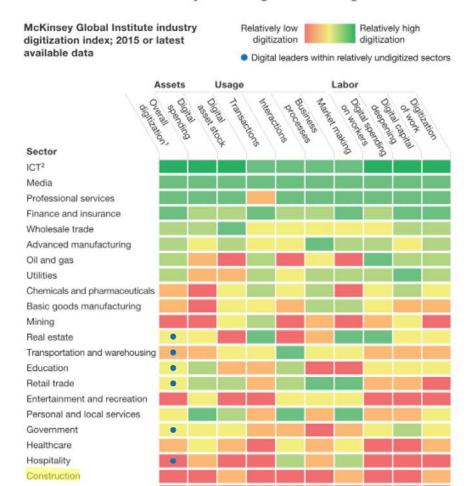
AND

CONSTRUCTION

FOR

INNOVATION

On Digital twins & Cyberphysical systems The construction industry is among the least digitized.



¹Based on a set of metrics to assess digitization of assets (8 metrics), usage (11 metrics), and labor (8 metrics).

Agriculture and hunting

Source: AppBrain; Bluewolf; Computer Economics; eMarketer; Gartner; IDC Research; LiveChat; US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Bureau of Labor Statistics; US Census Bureau: McKinsey Global Institute analysis

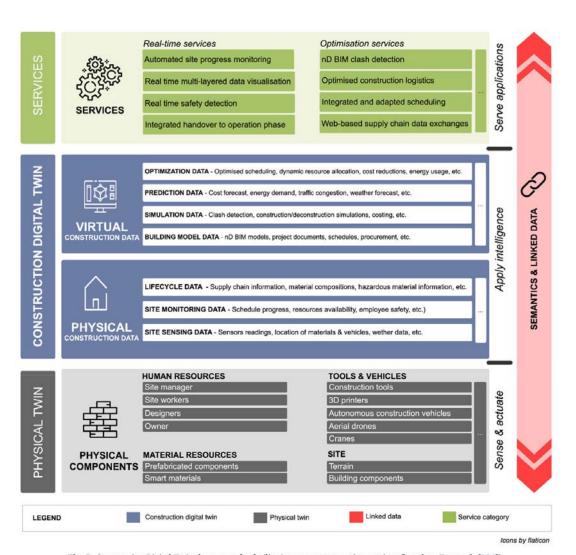


Fig. 5. Construction Digital Twin data usage for facilitating smart construction services (based on Tao et al. [106]).

Boje, C., Guerriero, A., Kubicki, S. and Rezgui, Y., 2020. Towards a semantic Construction Digital Twin: Directions for future research. Automation in construction, 114, p.103179.

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DT->CPS and 6-Dimensional modelling



Home

evelopers

About Us



We help you optimize Hydropower assets

More efficient energy generation and trading thanks to near real-time snow monitoring from space.

Committed to Open Source and with a strong partner network, we transparently deliver satellite data power to the Energy industry.



- 3D Space
- Time
- Cost (resources management)
- Environment

Keyword: Parametric design

EPFL

Digital twins and 6-Dimensional modelling



Hom

Developers

About Us



Space Data

As climate changes, we help you adapt.

1600GB

SATELLITE DATA PROCESSED DAILY

6M EUR

POTENTIAL EARNINGS, TEST BASIN

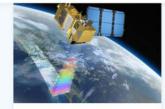
30%

REDUCTION SNOWMELT PREDICTION ERROR

15%

BETTER TOTAL INFLOW PREDICTION

Hydropower companies are performing below optimal levels due to errors in discharge prediction models, causing losses in energy planning and trading, exhacerbated by climate change. Satellite-based snow data from DeFROST is a product ready to be plugged in to tackle this challenge.



Open Space Data

Our committment to Open Source algorithms and data makes DeFROST transparent, giving you visibility and full control.



Agile Innovation

Working with us means working with an international team of space data innovators. Speed and Agility is part of our DNA.



Expertise Network

Thanks to our Open Principles, we are closely connected to the global collaborative network of Space Data expertise and innovation.

- 3D Space
- Time
- Cost (resources management)
- Environment

Keyword: Parametric design

Dimitrios Terzis

Active players in the field from EPFL

Use cases

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Vews

Contact us

Al-Powered Solution for Traceable

Damage State Estimation of
Infrastructure and Buildings

SWISS
INSPECT





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Startup

rograms

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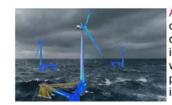
About

Akselos gets strategic investment from GRO Capital to propel advancements in physics-based digital twins

14.06.2023 10:33, Rita Longobardi

Akselos, the creator of a pioneering engineering simulation technology, announced it has received an investment from GRO to accelerate organizational expansion, global commercial scaling, and product leadership.

Grounded in more than 15 years of advanced academic research at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology ("MIT"), Akselos provides physics-based simulation engineering software, or digital twins, of highly complex mechanical assets. The technology enables customers to reduce risk, increase operational efficiency, and extend the life of their energy infrastructure in operation. The Company is disrupting the industry standard with its solution being 1,000x faster than legacy technology, facilitating real-time condition monitoring and delivering significant customer value.

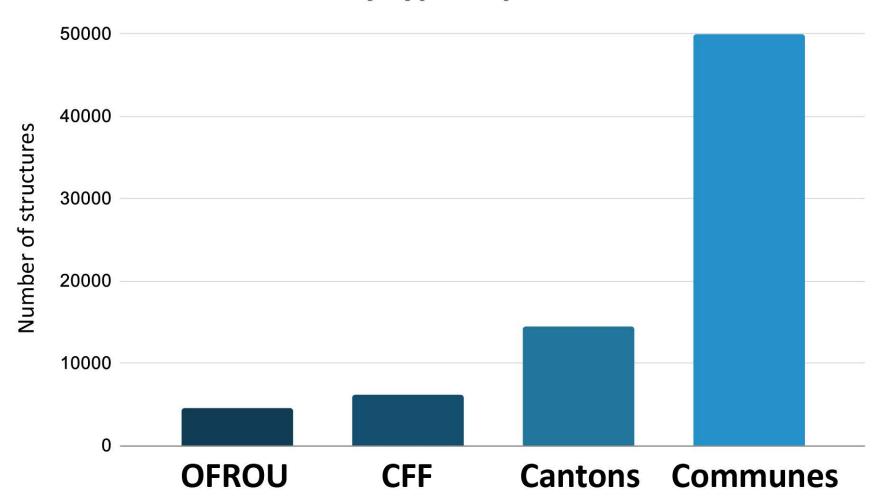


Akselos' digital twin technology is currently in use by customers across the energy industry, including upstream and downstream, and renewable energy. It is trusted by clients including Shell, Lamprell, and Pan American Energy. Offshore wind is a key vertical, aligning with the company's vision of providing technology that enables the green energy transition in line with IEA's Net Zero 2050 roadmap.

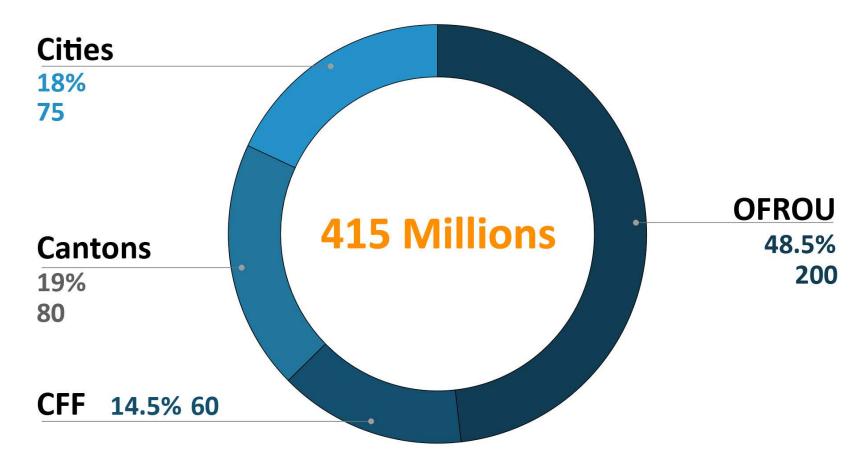


Future and perspectives

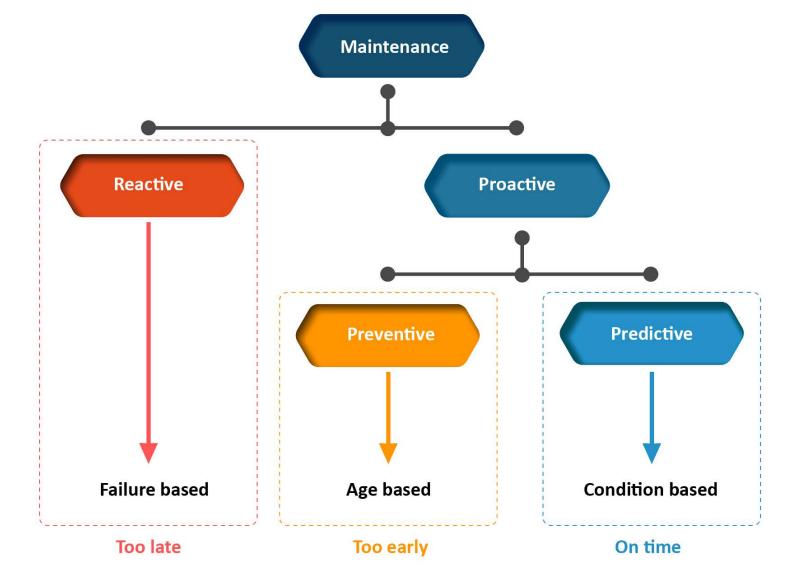
Number of structures by type of political authorities



Annual maintenance Budget in Million CHF



Future and perspectives



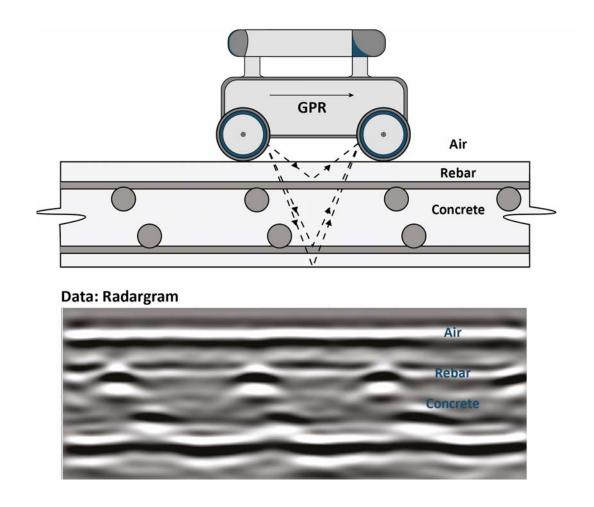
Ground Penetrating Radar - GPR







Ground Penetrating Radar - GPR



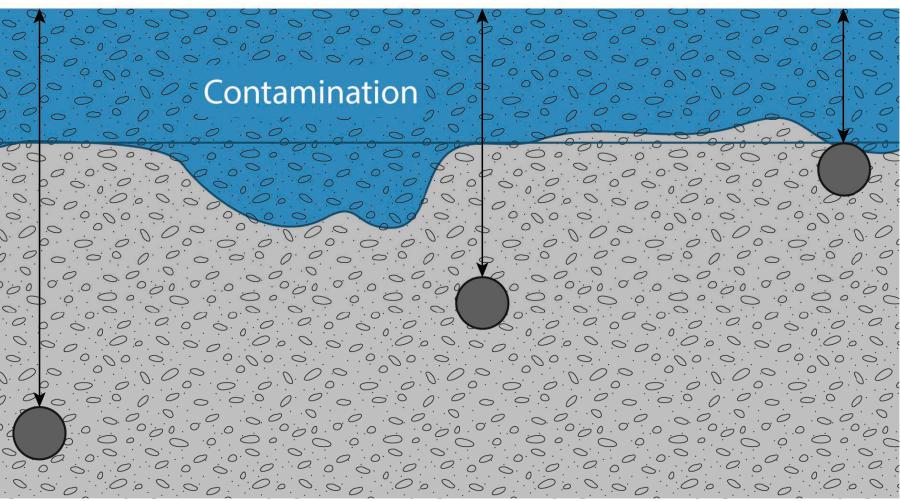




Theory



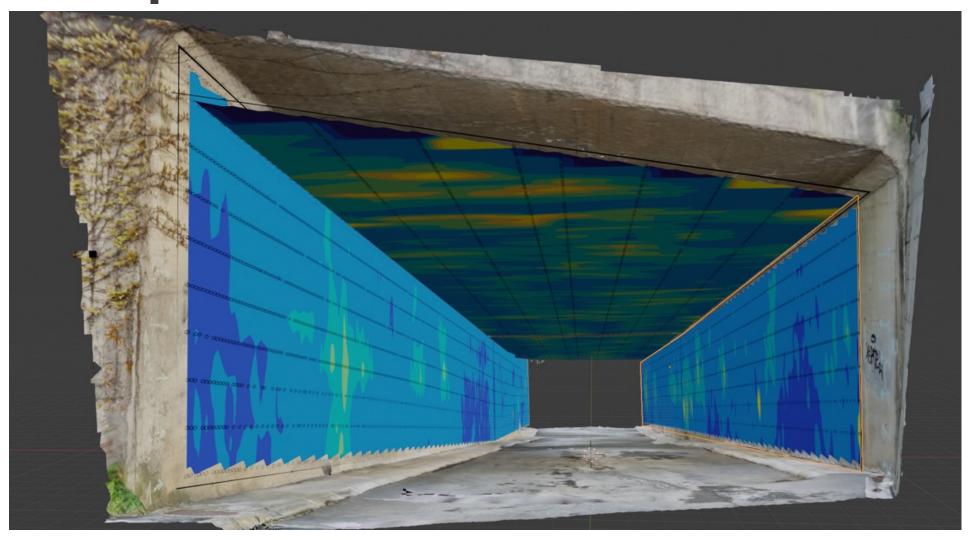








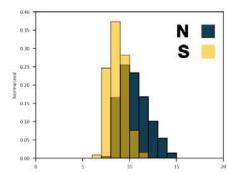
Results and Examples

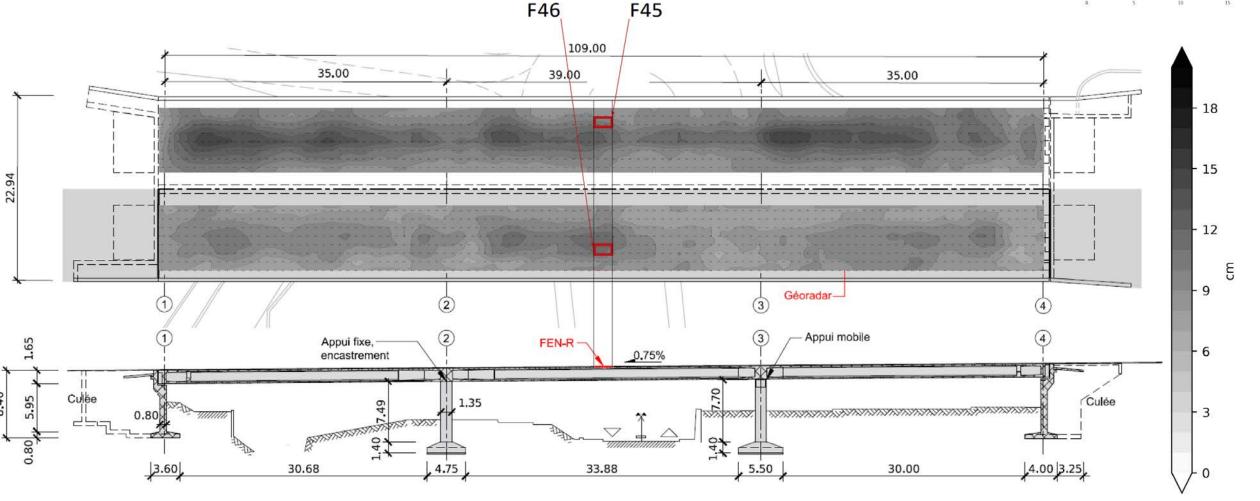




ASPHALT COVER THICKNESS

The thicknesses follow a normal distribution. The Nothern bridge has slightly higher asphalt thickness than de Southern bridge: 10.3 cm vs. 8.6 cm. Both decks have large concrete curbs without surfacing directly exposed to chlorides.

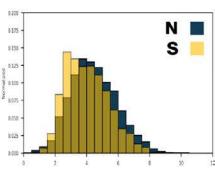


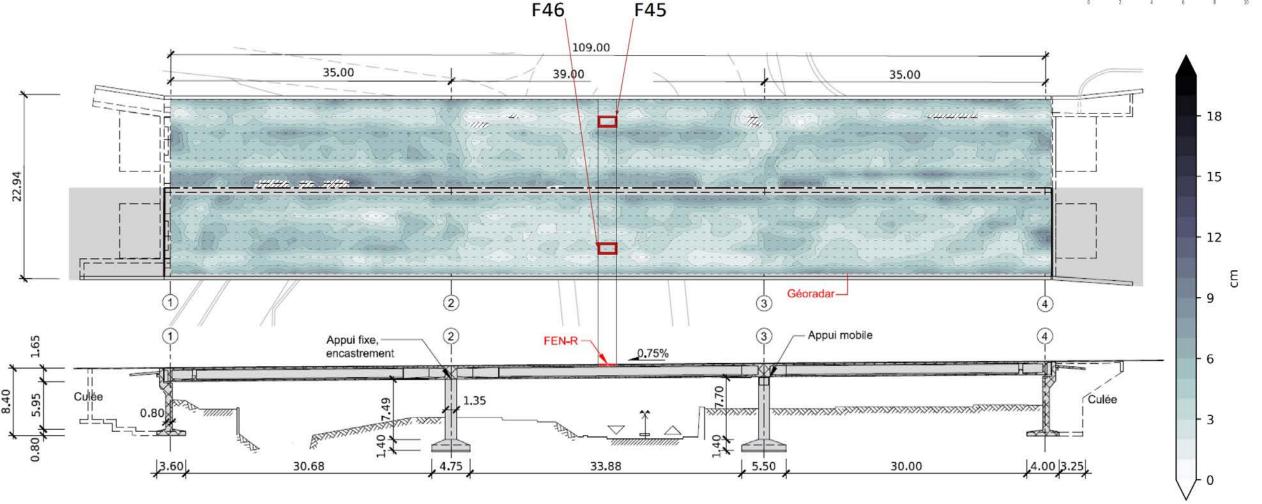


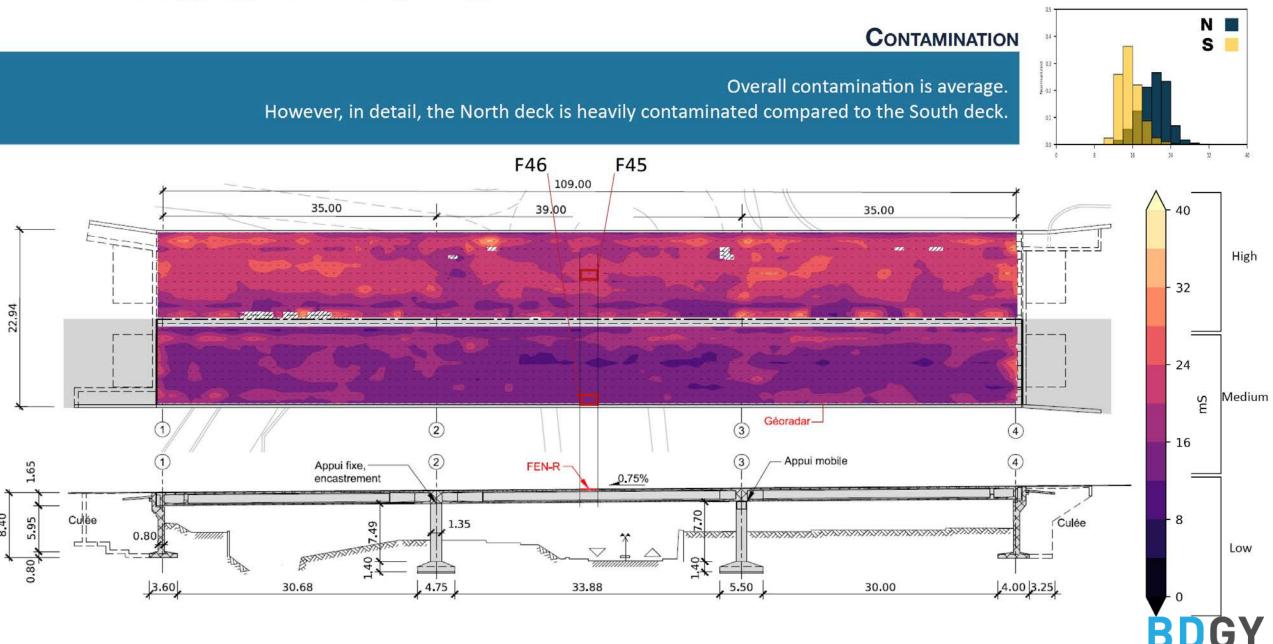


CONCRETE COVER THICKNESS

The measurements follow a normal distribution on both bridges. Both decks have significant under-thickness at the edges of the structure. This suggests that the reinforcement in the exposed areas is more vulnerable.



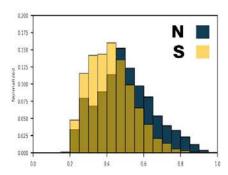


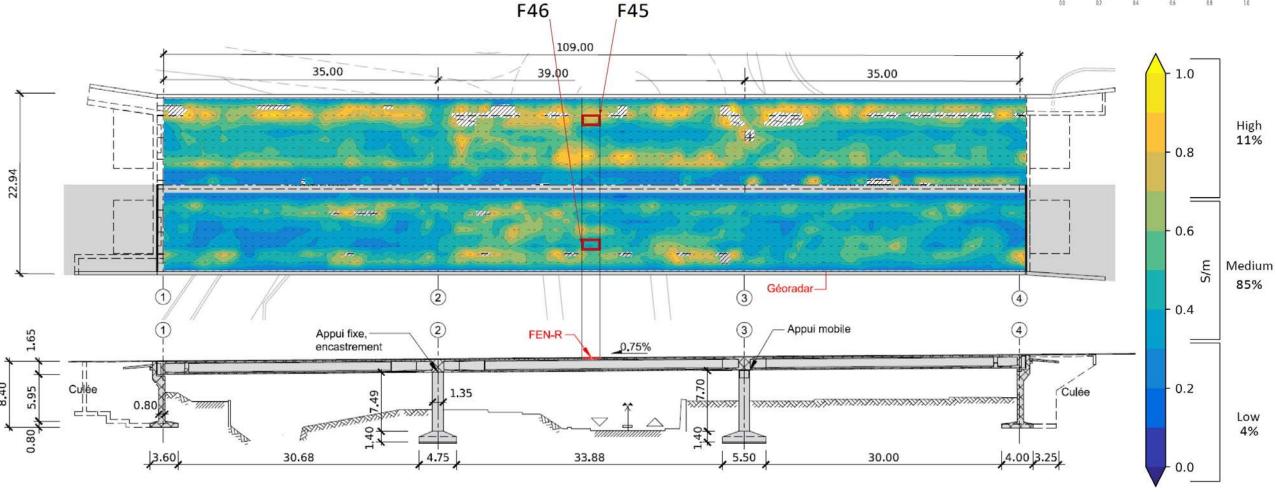




CORROSION RISK

The overall risk of corrosion is medium. However, our analysis reveals areas with a high risk of corrosion, mainly at the edges of both decks where the cover concrete is low. The generally higher values from the Nothern deck are due to the presence of a noise reduction wall at the Nothern border.





Structure mapping - Motorway Bridge

ADDITIONAL VERIFICATION AND CONFIRMATION OF CONTAMINATION

The structure having transverse prestressing, probing had been planned.

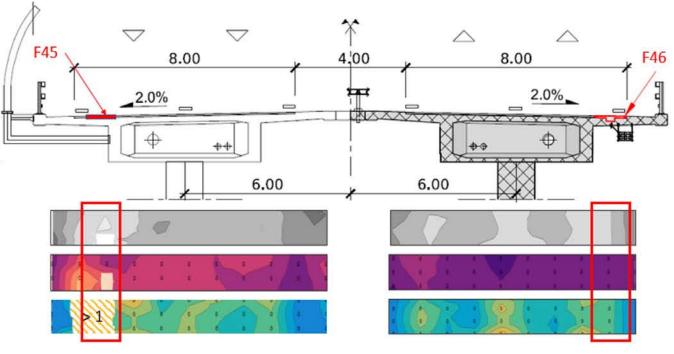
The first F46 probe was carried out in a low-contamination area.

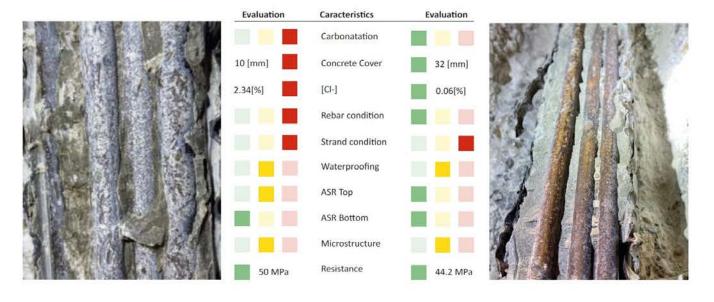
Following signs of strand corrosion as well as high contamination values on the north deck, we recommended the opening of a second, initially it was an optional survey.

The F45 survey on the other deck confirmed the assumptions.

It was concluded that the exposed edges served as points of entry and accumulation of chlorides in the transverse prestressing ducts.



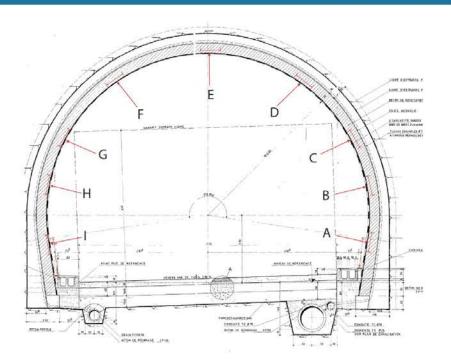




Structure mapping - Tunnel

METHODOLOGY

A series of 9 longitudinal profiles of 135 [m] at the nacelle. The traffic interruption lasted 2 x 6 hours. The measurement density was determined to maximise the area inspected and form a realistic compromise between the measurement time and the accuracy of the final result.



OBJECTIVES

The first part of the study consisted of measuring the facing thicknesses of the structure in preparation for the renovation work.

As the structure showed signs of degradation due to water circulation. The objective of the study was to determine the points of accumulation and weakness of the cladding.



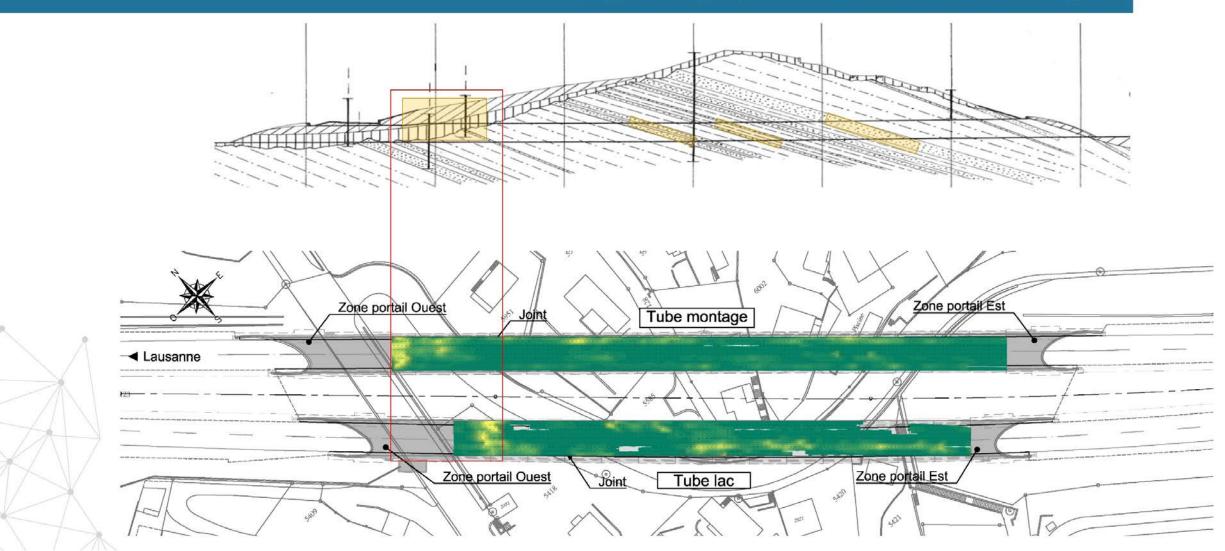
Structure mapping - Tunnel



OBSERVATIONS

Link between the risk of detachment and the change in geological layers.

A particularly degraded area is observed at the western portal.



Structure mapping - Tunnel

OBSERVATIONS

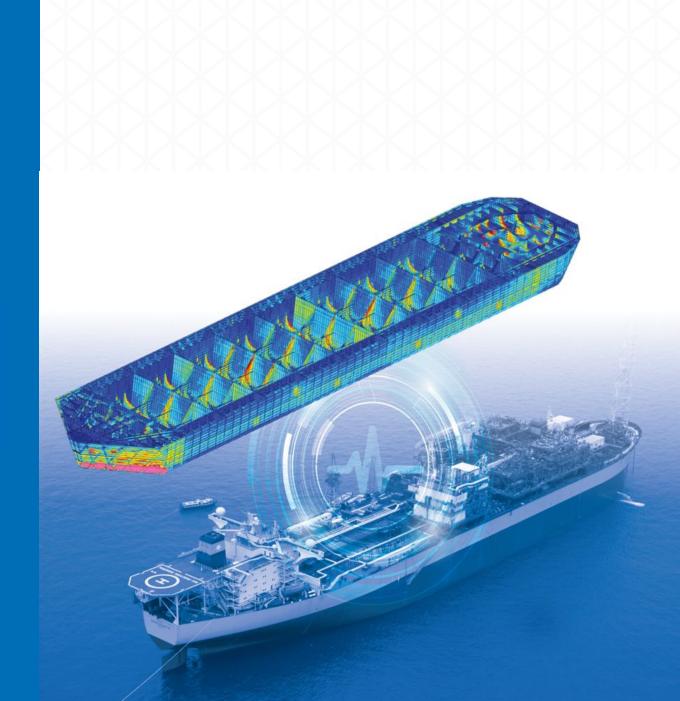
An area of soft ground is located between two roads, this area being at the apex of the infiltration observations.

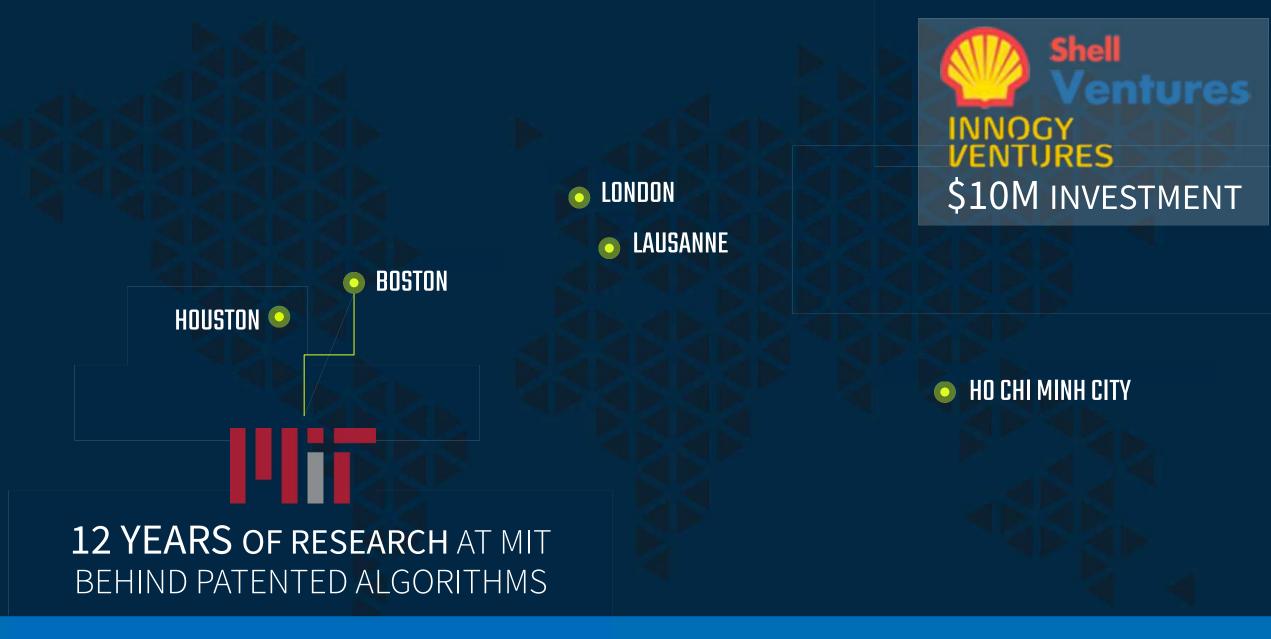
It could act as an entry point and reservoir, accelerating degradation.





Digital Twins of Large Infrastructure







- 1. Digital Twin Context
- 2. Technology Overview
- 3. Examples and Case Studies
- 4. Mathematical Background



Akselos's Take on Digital Twins

Digital Twins of large and critical engineering systems, e.g.

- Offshore structures for oil & gas (FPSOs, tankers, semisubmersibles, platforms)
- Rotating machinery (compressors, turbines, mills)
- Wind farms
- Mining machinery
- Civil infrastructure (bridges, buildings)



Akselos's Take on Digital Twins

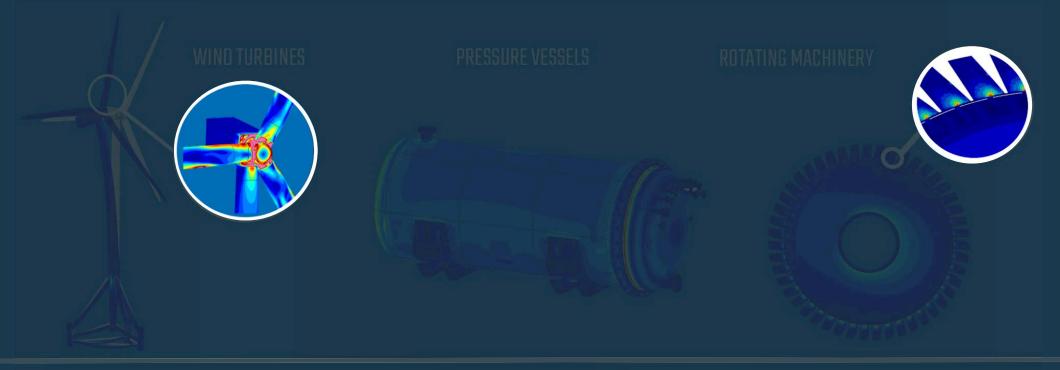
Operators face a number of significant challenges with systems of these types:

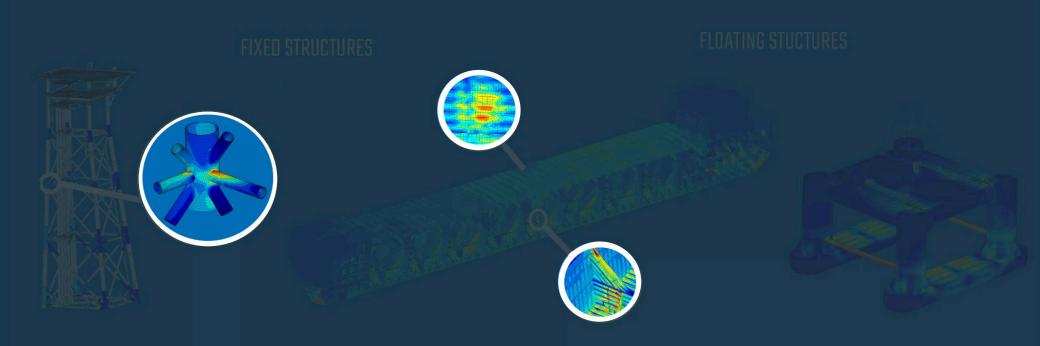
- Systems are large and complex, deployed for decades, often operated beyond original design life
- Failure leads to safety and environmental risks
- Downtime is extremely costly in terms of lost revenue and repairs
- Reliability is driven by structural integrity issues such as structural fatigue, buckling, and cracking
- Inspection and maintenance is often based on ad hoc rules with significant uncertainty and which require engineering judgement and interpretation

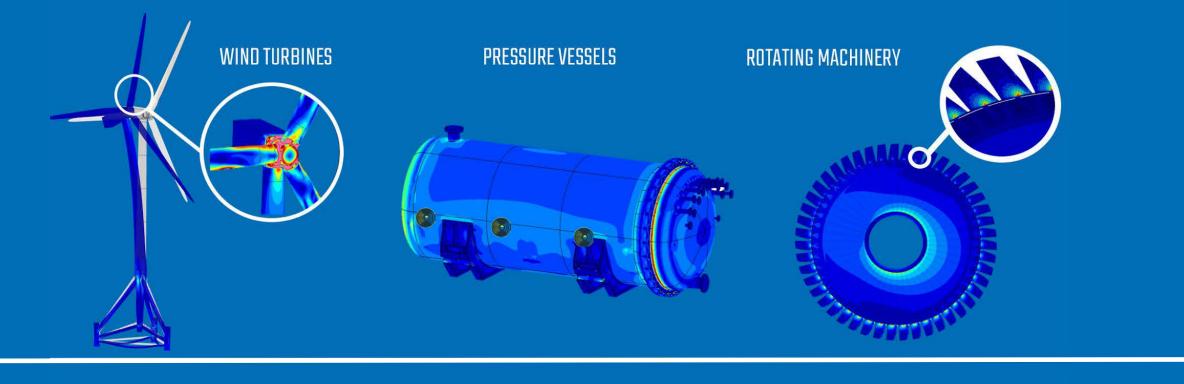
Akselos's Take on Digital Twins

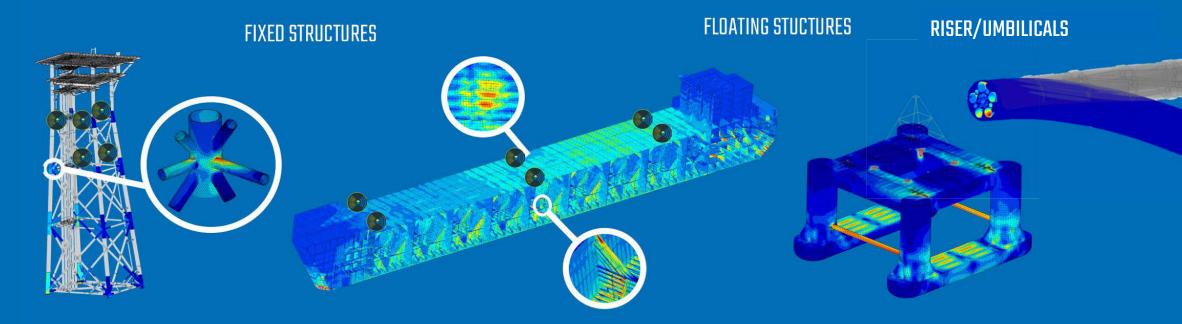
To meet these major challenges, heavy industry is increasingly looking toward Digital Twins to provide **quantitative** guidance for the inspection, maintenance, and operation of critical assets

Akselos Digital Twin: Physics-based model of an entire asset which incorporates the current condition (e.g. based on inspection data), and enables fast high-fidelity structural integrity analysis, optionally linked to sensor data (IIoT)









- 1. Digital Twin Context
- 2. Technology Overview
- 3. Examples and Case Studies
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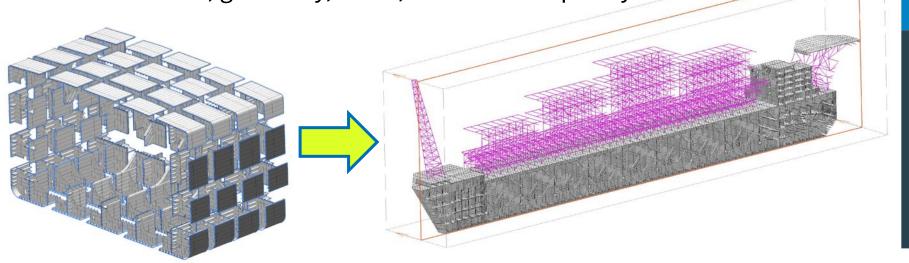


Akselos accelerates and "scales up" FEA via a new solver type:

RB-FEA (Reduced Basis Finite Element Analysis)

- Component-based reduced order modeling
- Two-phase approach gives ~1000x speedup compared to FEA:
 - (1) Component Pre-analysis and (2) Model Evaluation

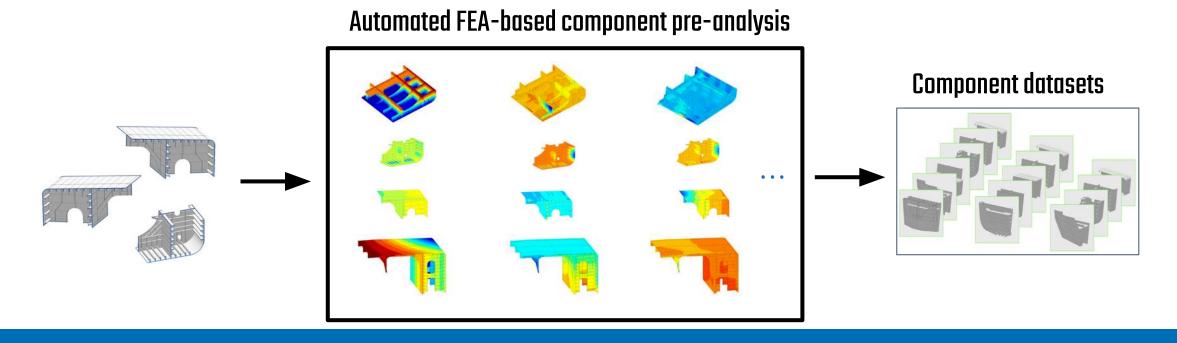
 Components are parametrized: change material properties, thicknesses, geometry, loads, and re-solve quickly



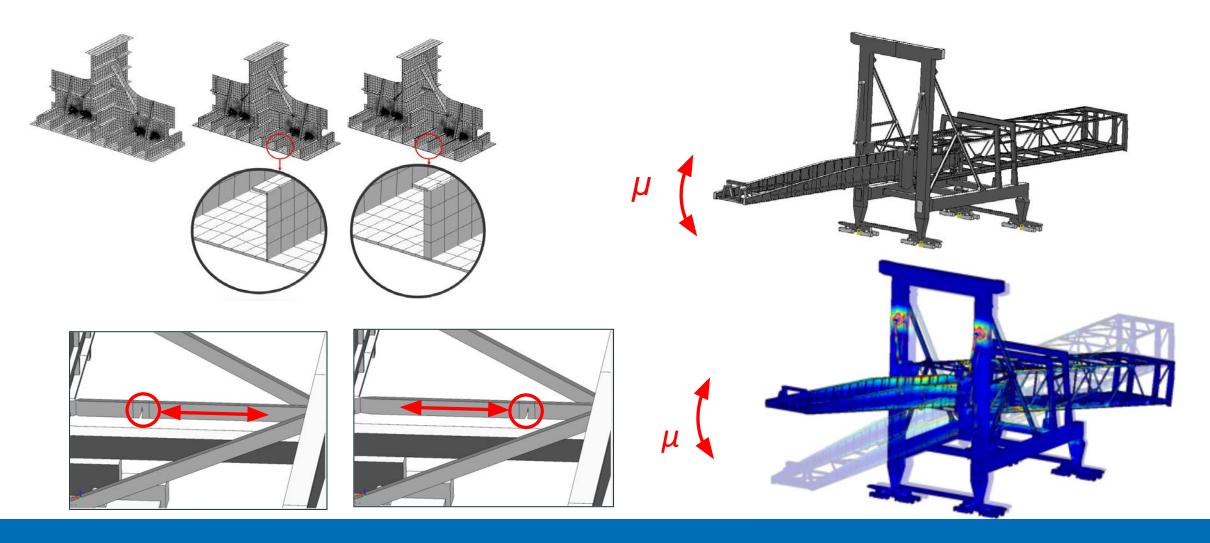


Component Pre-analysis

- Automated FEA + postprocessing of components (individual and groups) to construct accurate reduced model of component physics and interactions
- Performed upfront (during Digital Twin setup), datasets stored and reused over the asset's lifetime



Components are Parametrized





Akselos RB-FEA technology at a glance

1000X FASTER

Provides major speedup compared to FEA for linear PDEs, e.g. >1000x for large-scale problems

1000X LARGER MODELS

Easily solve models with **>100m** FEA DOFs. This enables true condition-based models of entire assets (Digital Twins).

PARAMETRIC

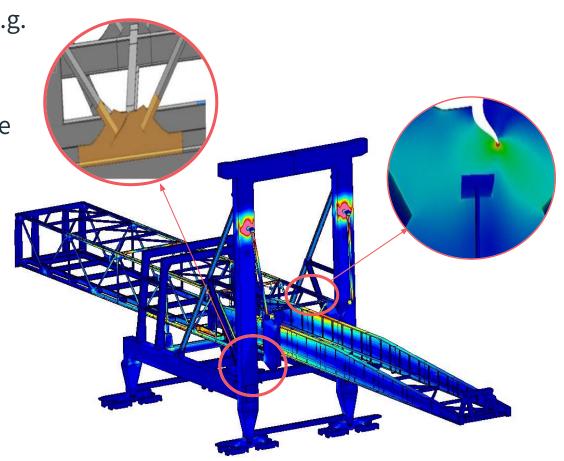
Modify models by changing parameters. Efficiently handles systems with many parameters, e.g. >1000

COMPONENT-BASED MODELING

Modular designs, easily add/remove/replace components

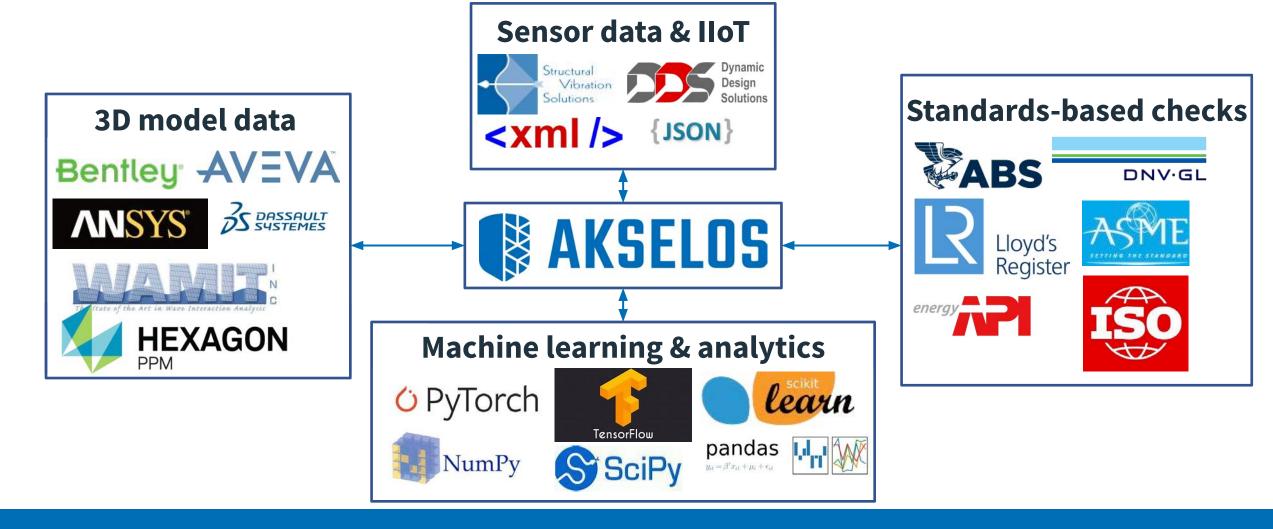
CLOUD-BASED PLATFORM

Provide all users with powerful computational platform via secure client-server architecture



Integrates with the Digital Transformation Ecosystem

Open API (Python-based), open data formats, import/export data and models



Akselos Cloud

Digital Twin-based Monitoring

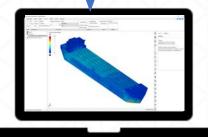
View current status of each asset based on Digital Twin



AKSELOS CLOUD

Deployed on cloud platform or in-house servers

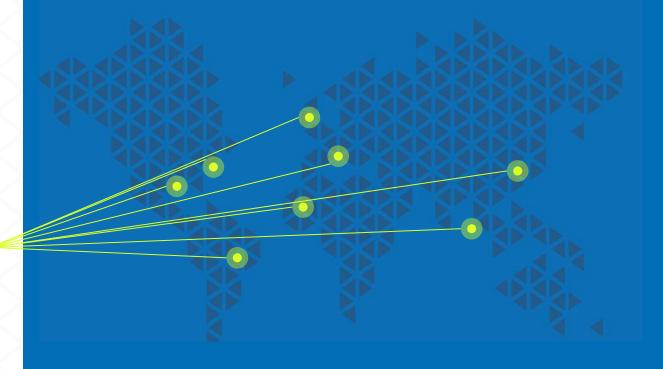
Fully parallel, many-core solver platform



Akselos Modeler

Akselos Dashboard

Cloud-based digital twins for live asset monitoring from any office around the world



- 1. Digital Twin Context
- 2. Technology Overview
- 3. Examples and Case Studies
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Example: Shiploader

FEA DoFs: 20 million (P2 TET elements)



RB-FEA: 166 components, 287 connections

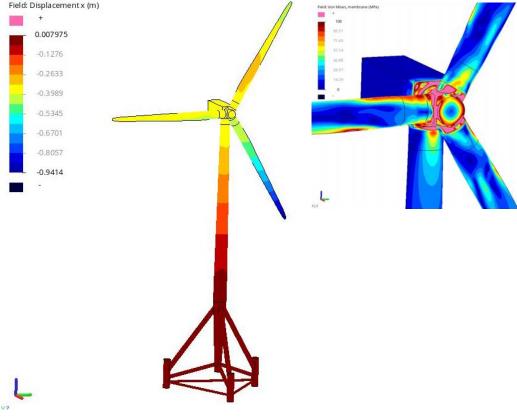


RB-FEA: ~ 1 second

Accuray validated for submodels: < 1% wrt to FEA

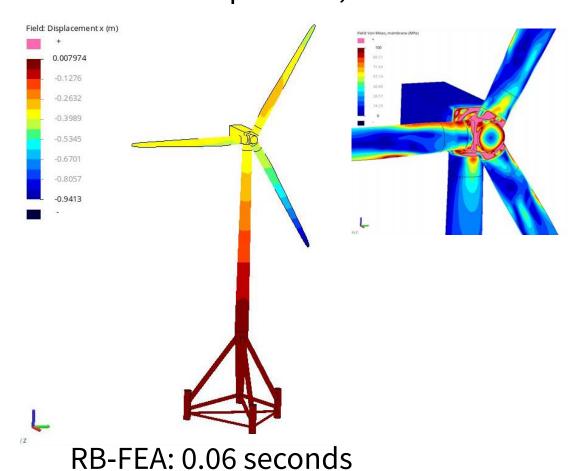
Example: Windturbine

FEA DoFs: 9.8 million (MITC4 shell elements)

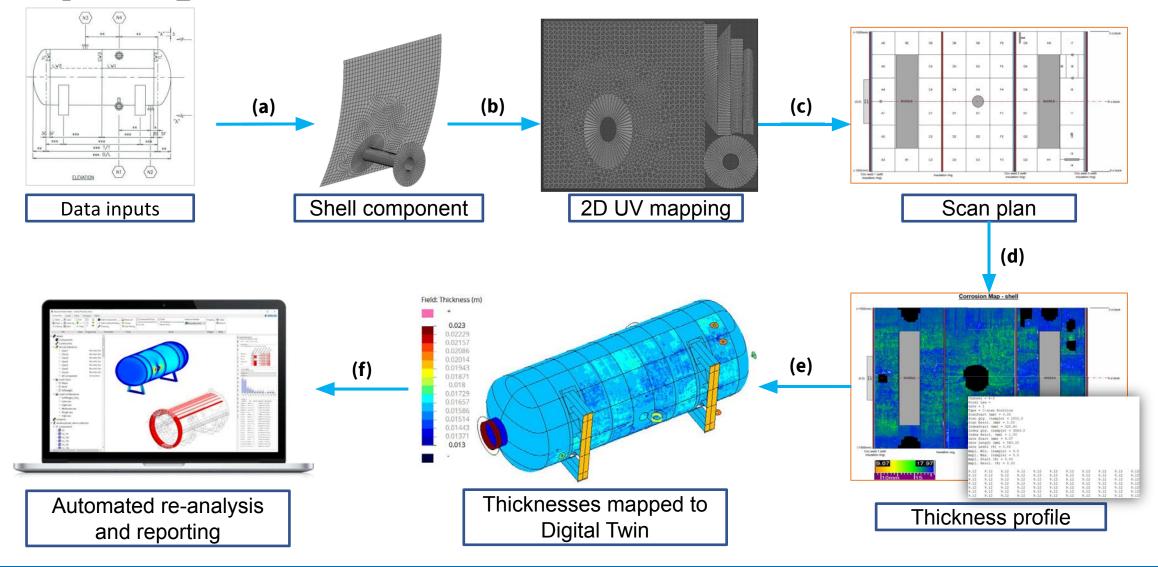


FEA: 155 seconds

RB-FEA: 31 components, 36 connections



Example: Digital Twin for Pressure Vessels



Life Extension for Offshore Platforms Beam model **AKSELOS** Model With 3D joint mesh modeling Also fully supported in Akselos Integra

AKSELOS AND VALUE GENERATION – FPSO CASE STUDY

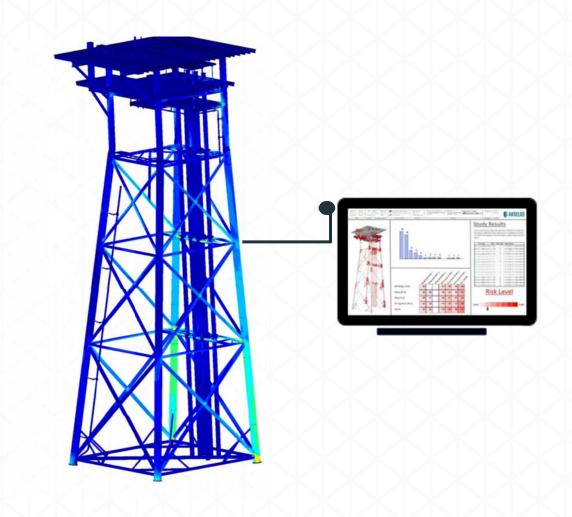


Reduce OPEX achieved by improving the quality and timing of the inspection; also reduced down time.



Further wins in cost improvement are achieved with decision support for the FPSO.

Case Study: Fixed Offshore Platform



Digital Twin of Fixed Offshore Platform

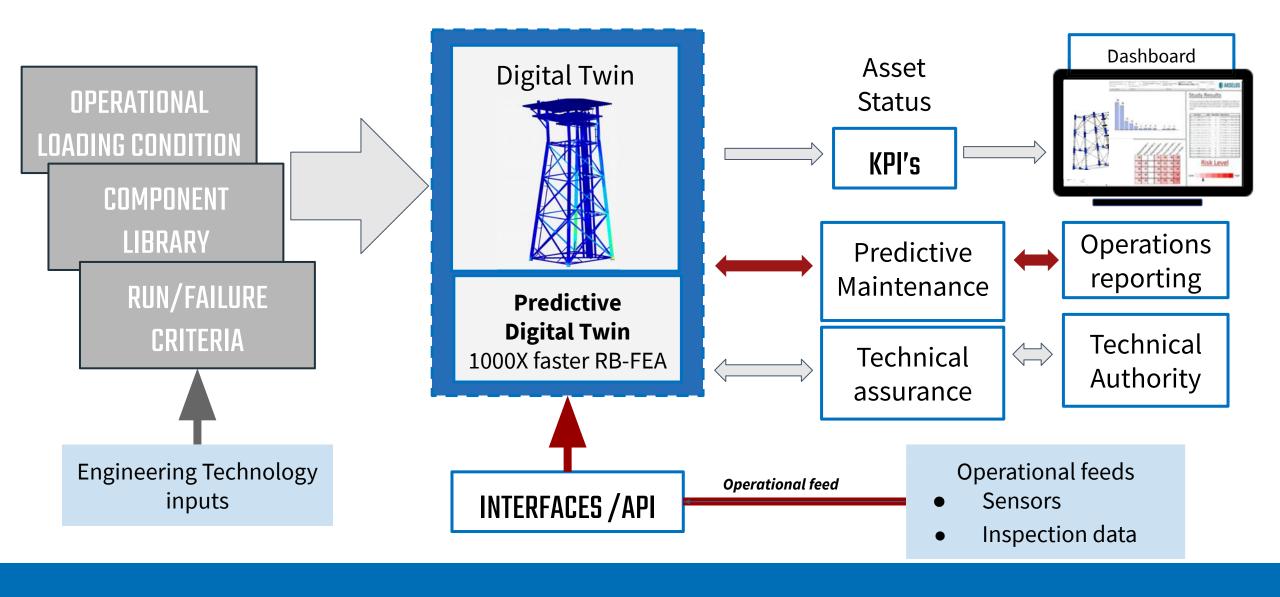
- Large fixed Platform in UK sector of North Sea
- Long Field life expected for the Asset

Motivation:

- Extend Asset Life
- Improve operations and responsiveness
- Improved economics



AKSELOS DIGITAL TWIN: BUILD AND RUN

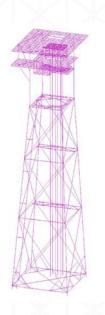


TRUE REPRESENTATION IN REAL TIME (1/4)

1. Create high-fidelity Digital Twin

Create a condition-based model that includes all relevant information from the design stage up to inspection data

Traditional beam model using SCF





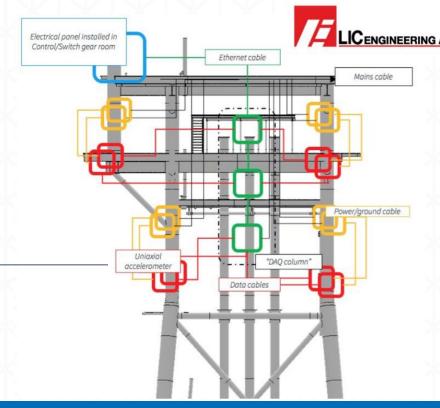
Dynamic, holistic 3-D calculated Digital Twin

TRUE REPRESENTATION IN REAL TIME (2/4)

2. Install sensors on asset, link to Digital Twin

Installation of sensors (accelerometers, strain gauges, etc..) and connections for the platform

Sensors provide continuous data stream for real-time monitoring



Sensor data is linked to the Digital Twin

TRUE REPRESENTATION IN REAL TIME (3/4)

3. Calibrate Digital Twin based on data flows

DATA COLLECTION

Initial data collection of reference data

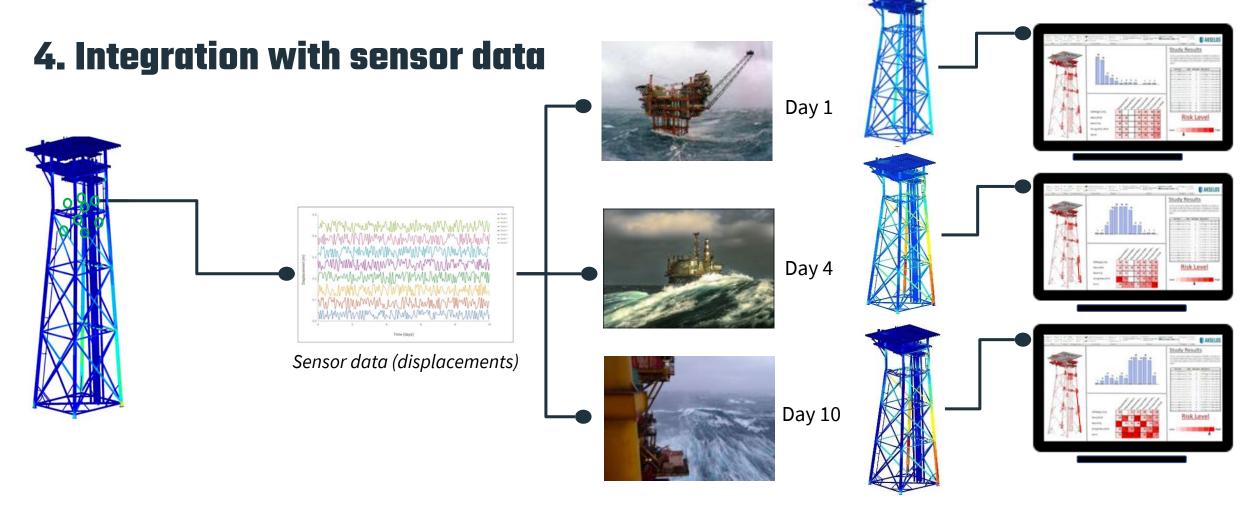
DIGITAL TWIN CALIBRATION

Tuning/updates based on new inputs

DIGITAL TWIN EVALUATION

New state of the asset assessed

CONDITION BASED PREDICTIVE DIGITAL TWIN



The calibrated displacements and stresses enable measurement-based analysis of the entire structure (e.g. fatigue and buckling code checks such as ISO 19902, API, AISC, DNVGL, etc., soil/pile monitoring, failure mode analysis, anomaly detection).

AKSELOS AND VALUE GENERATION – FIXED PLATFORM CASE STUDY



Over 15 years of additional structural life was unlocked from the asset.

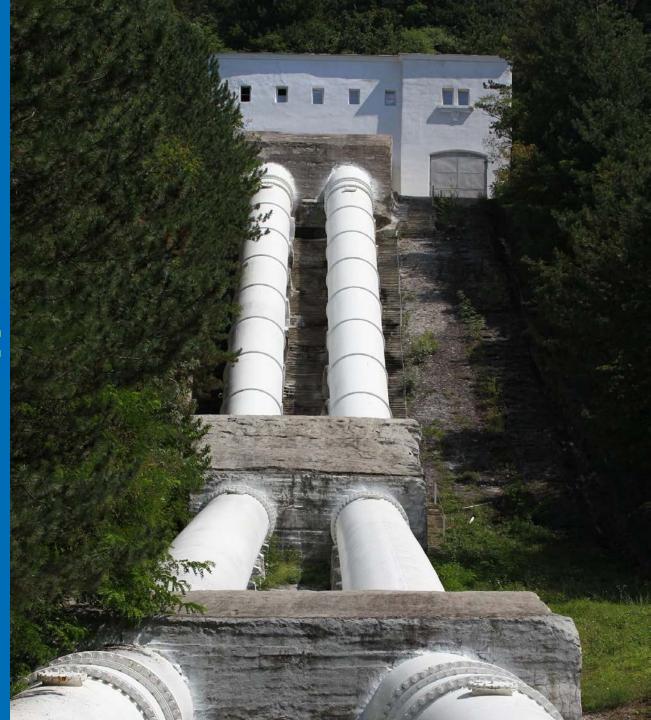


Lower OPEX that anticipated. Better Economic outcome.



Reduced one time engineering costs.

Case Study:
Life Extension of Hydro Plant
- Pump storage unit



Life Extension of Hydro Plant – Pump storage unit

BUSINESS CHALLENGE

- Ageing assets approaching end of design life
- Unqualified structural risks plus high Inspection costs
- Decommissioning

OPPORTUNITY

- Life Extension of existing Pressure manifold with improved structural modelling and assessment
- Lower Inspection Cost
- Upside: Assess future modes of operation

BENEFITS

 Extend Electrical Generation capacity & increase revenue

AVOID OR POSTPONE A MAJOR CAPEX PROJECT



SCOPE

Hydro Pump Station Asset

- Identify a new minimum operational life
- Identify best fit analog data for digital model

EXPECTED VALUE

>> 5 X ROI

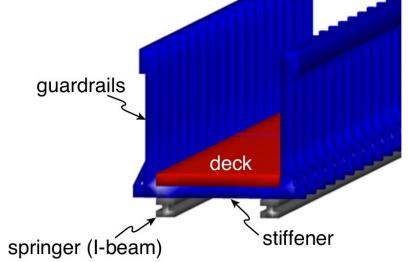
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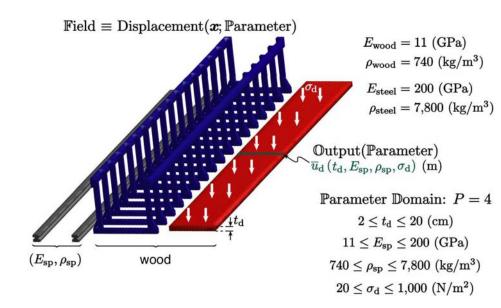


Partial Differential Equations

- used to model physical systems (e.g. structures, fluids, thermal, acoustics, electromagnetics, ...)
- depend on model parameters (e.g. material properties, model geometry, loads, boundary conditions, ...)







PDE:
$$\begin{array}{rcl}
-\nabla \cdot \sigma & = & f, & \text{on } \Omega, \\
\sigma \cdot n & = & t, & \text{on } \partial \Omega_t, \\
u & = & u_d, & \text{on } \partial \Omega_d.
\end{array}$$

Many Query Context

Task:

- Solve the PDE many times with different parameter values
- Required in, e.g., optimization and uncertainty quantification

Typical approach with FEA:

- For each new parameter value, solve PDE from scratch
- For a large mesh and associated many degrees of freedom, the response time is slow and it hence becomes computationally infeasible if solutions for many different parameters are required

Goal:

 Develop reduced order models which allow for fast online evaluation time while maintaining accuracy

Reduced Order Models

Reduced order modeling is a family of numerical methods for reducing the computational cost associated with evaluating high-fidelity models such as FEA, CFD, finite differences

Very active research topic in academia for at least 2 decades, with a range of different methods, e.g.:

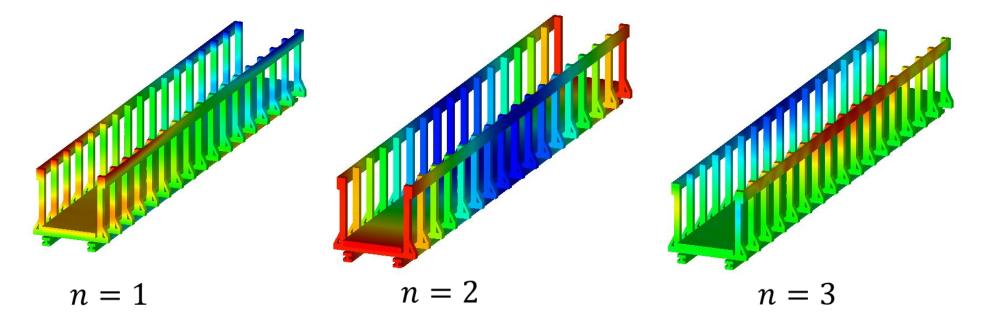
- Proper Orthogonal Decomposition (POD)
- Reduced Basis (RB) methods
- Low-rank tensor methods
- Gaussian Process Regression

- ...

Yields surrogate models that are well-suited in **real-time** or **many query** contexts

The Reduced Basis Method

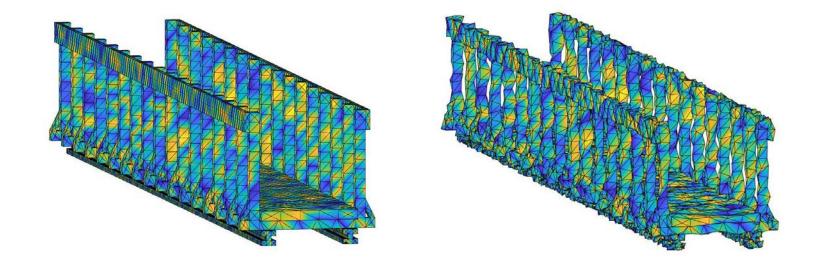
- Offline/Online decomposition to separate model training from fast model evaluation
- Model training by FEA solves at greedily chosen parameter samples (offline)
- Very fast evaluation in online stage



Accuracy with n=28 samples: $\epsilon=10^{-4}$ in this case

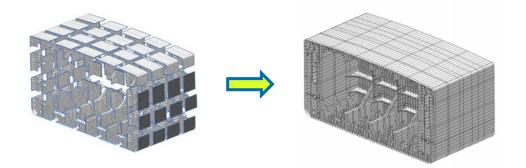
The Reduced Basis Method

- RB method automatically constructs an approximation space that is highly targeted for solving the PDE
- In contrast, the full FEA approximation space is completely untargeted, e.g. it can represent arbitrary data irrelevant to solving the PDE, such as "random noise":



Extension to Components

Construct RB models for components, and connect components together to form large parametrized models:



- Large models: Component training involves individual components or small groups of components only, hence never need to solve full model with FEA during Offline stage
- Many parameters: RB method requires relatively few parameters, but each component may possess a different (small) set of parameters
- Topology changes: Simply add/remove/replace components and re-solve

Retain the speed of RB: Typically observe 1000x speedup or more compared to FEA for large-scale models

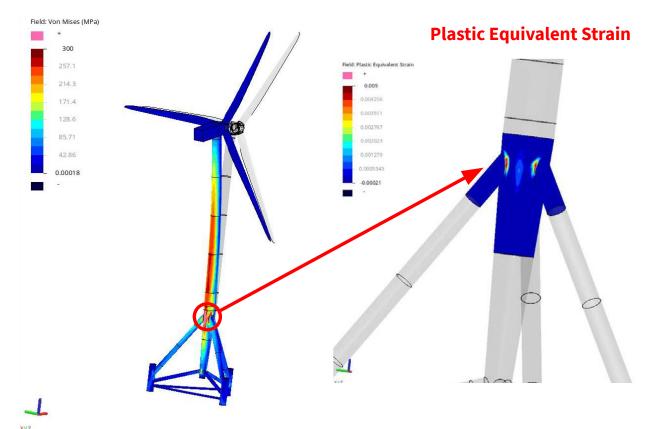
Incorporating Nonlinear Analysis

RB method applies to linear problems, but many engineering problems involve nonlinearities:

Core idea: Split domain into "linear" and "nonlinear" regions

Key points:

- Arbitrary nonlinearities in FEA region (e.g. contact, plasticity, finite strain)
- Accelerate the linear region, fast for "localized nonlinearities"
- Formulation is fully conforming, numerically robust



A revolution in how we build, manage, and protect our critical infrastructure



Manage **structural safety** risk for your **entire asset**.



Reduce **unplanned downtime**, **OPEX**.



Lead operators towards optimal asset integrity.



Interact with your entire asset.



DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

Create intelligent, machine DNA.